INTER-AMERICAN INVESTMENT CORPORATION

Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited) March 31, 2024

Balance Sheets (Unaudited)

Total liabilities and capital		\$ 12,172,258	\$ 11,328,234
Total capital		3,474,481	3,229,889
Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss)		27,819	49,163
Retained earnings		752,171	639,331
Total paid-in capital	9	2,694,491	2,541,395
Receivable from members		(71,880)	(37,840
Additional paid-in capital		805,981	729,485
Capital, par value		1,960,390	1,849,750
Capital			
Total liabilities		8,697,777	8,098,345
Payables and other liabilities	8	416,084	410,570
Derivative liabilities	7 & 10	401,987	382,231
		7,879,706	7,305,544
At fair value		6,060,122	5,146,005
At amortized cost		1,819,584	2,159,539
Borrowings	6 & 10		
Liabilities			
Total assets		12,172,258	11,328,234
Receivables and other assets	5	483,166	472,216
Derivative assets	7 & 10	201,950	245,512
Total development-related investments, net	4 & 10	7,913,643	7,992,110
		310,167	303,176
At fair value		310,167	303,176
Equity investments			
		7,603,476	7,688,934
At fair value		1,621,297	1,632,386
		5,982,179	6,056,548
Allowance for credit losses		(220,205)	(231,516
Loans, debt securities and guarantees At amortized cost		6,202,384	6,288,064
Development-related investments			
Investment securities	3 & 10	3,524,036	2,542,568
Cash	3	\$ 49,463	\$ 75,828
Assets	_	•	•
Expressed in thousands of United States dollars	Notes	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements

Income Statements (Unaudited)

	Three months er			nded March 31		
Expressed in thousands of United States dollars	Notes		2024	2023		
Income from development-related investments						
Loans, debt securities and guarantees						
Interest and other income, net		\$	160,551 \$	116,581		
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses			7,592	1,367		
			168,143	117,948		
Equity investments						
Realized gain/(loss), dividends and other income, net			1,563	938		
Unrealized gain/(loss) from changes in fair value, net			(7,504)	(13,176)		
			(5,941)	(12,238)		
Income from development-related investments, net	4		162,202	105,710		
Income/(loss) from liquid assets, net	3		37,370	52,529		
Borrowings expense	6		(75,859)	(50,630)		
Other income						
Service fees from related parties	13		9,508	8,392		
Mobilization fees and other income			6,271	10,805		
Total other income			15,779	19,197		
Income/(expense) from development-related investments, liquid assets and other income, net of borrowings expense			139,492	126,806		
Other expenses						
Administrative expenses			39,500	36,725		
Other components of pension benefit costs, net	14		(3,284)	(4,412)		
Total other expenses			36,216	32,313		
Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net	11		9,564	(44,635)		
Net income/(loss)		\$	112,840 \$	49,858		

Inter-American Investment Corporation Statements of Comprehensive Income/(Loss) (Unaudited) Statements of Changes in Capital (Unaudited)

Statements of Comprehensive Income/(Loss)

		Three months ended March 31				
Expressed in thousands of United States dollars		2024		2023		
Net income/(loss)		\$	112,840 \$;	49,858	
Other comprehensive income/(loss)						
Recognition of net actuarial (gains)/losses and prior service (credit)/cost on Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan	14		(983)		(1,906)	
Unrealized gains/(losses) arising during the period related to fair value adjustments on borrowings attributable to changes in instrument- specific credit risk, net	6		(20,361)		14,531	
Total other comprehensive income/(loss)			(21,344)		12,625	
Comprehensive income/(loss)		\$	91,496 \$;	62,483	

Statements of Changes in Capital

Expressed in thousands of United States dollars, except for share information	Notes	Shares	Total paid- in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss)	Total capital
As of December 31, 2022		182,441	\$ 2,423,695	\$ 475,397	\$ 65,270	\$ 2,964,362
Three months ended March 31, 2023						
Net income/(loss)			_	49,858	—	49,858
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			_	_	12,625	12,625
Change in shares	9	(5,834)				
Payments received for capital	9		77,280		—	77,280
As of March 31, 2023		176,607	2,500,975	525,255	77,895	3,104,125
As of December 31, 2023		184,975	2,541,395	639,331	49,163	3,229,889
Three months ended March 31, 2024						
Net income/(loss)			—	112,840	—	112,840
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			_		(21,344)	(21,344)
Change in shares	9	11,064				
Payments received for capital	9		153,096	_	—	153,096
As of March 31, 2024		196,039	\$ 2,694,491	\$ 752,171	\$ 27,819	\$ 3,474,481

Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited)

	Three months end			ed March 31		
Expressed in thousands of United States dollars		2024		2023		
Cash flows from investing activities						
Loan disbursements	\$	(1,063,884)	\$	(1,217,176		
Loan repayments and sales		1,167,881		1,066,269		
Development-related debt securities purchases				(75,228		
Development-related debt securities proceeds		14,568		6,738		
Equity investment disbursements		(18,993)		(4,475		
Equity investment proceeds		6,061		4,875		
Capital asset expenditures		_		(648		
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	\$	105,633	\$	(219,645		
Cash flows from financing activities		-		• ·		
Proceeds from issuance of borrowings		1,155,051		1,004,525		
Borrowings repayments		(482,598)		(145		
Payments received for capital		153,096		77,280		
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities	\$	825,549	\$	1,081,660		
Cash flows from operating activities		-				
Net income/(loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities:		112,840		49,858		
Change in fair value of equity investments		7,504		13,176		
Provision/(release) of provision for credit losses		(7,592)		(1,367		
(Gain)/loss from investment securities, net		589		(19,196		
Depreciation and amortization		(11,685)		(11,169		
(Gain)/loss from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net		(9,564)		44,635		
Realized gain/(loss) on swaps		(56,252)		(22,483		
Realized (gain)/loss on sales of equity investments, net		(1,563)		(890		
Change in receivables and other assets		(12,589)		(59,575		
Change in payables and other liabilities		6,834		43,247		
Change in Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan, net		(1,850)		(3,526		
Change in investment securities		(982,057)		(884,589		
Other, net		(3,055)		73		
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	\$	(958,440)	\$	(851,806		
Change in cash		(27,258)		10,209		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, net		893		(32		
Net increase/(decrease) in cash	\$	(26,365)	\$	10,177		
Cash as of January 1		75,828		57,886		
Cash as of March 31	\$	49,463	\$	68,063		
Supplemental disclosure:						
Interest paid during the period		67,415		30,801		

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. Purpose

The Inter-American Investment Corporation (IDB Invest) is an international organization established in 1986 and a separate legal entity within the Inter-American Development Bank Group (the IDB Group), which also includes the Inter-American Development Bank (IDB) and the Multilateral Investment Fund (commercially known as IDB Lab). IDB Invest began operations in 1989, and is owned by its member countries, which include 26 regional developing member countries, located in Latin America and the Caribbean (the Regional Developing Member Countries), and 22 countries outside of Latin America and the Caribbean. The purpose of IDB Invest is to promote the economic development of its Regional Developing Member Countries by encouraging the establishment, expansion, and modernization of private enterprises in such a way as to supplement the activities of the IDB. IDB Invest provides financing through its development-related investments, which include loans, guarantees, investments in debt securities, and equity investments where sufficient capital is not otherwise available on adequate terms in the market. IDB Invest also arranges financing from other investors through loan participations, co-financing arrangements, and unfunded participations. In addition, IDB Invest provides financial and technical advisory services to clients.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of presentation – Certain financial information that is normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (US GAAP), but is not required for interim reporting purposes, has been condensed or omitted. References to US GAAP issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in these notes are to the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC, Codification) or Accounting Standards Update (ASU).

All amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements and notes are expressed in United States dollars (USD or \$), which is IDB Invest's functional and reporting currency.

Use of estimates – The preparation of the financial statements requires Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. A significant degree of judgment has been used in the evaluation and measurement of: the allowance for credit losses; the fair value of investment securities, development-related investments (loans, debt securities and equity investments), derivative instruments and borrowings; and the projected benefit obligations and fair value of plan assets of the Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefits Plan and associated net periodic benefit cost of each plan.

Cash – Cash¹ includes those amounts held on deposit with banks and cash restricted for development-related investment activities. IDB Invest may hold cash deposits in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured limits.

Investment securities – Investment securities include fixed and floating rate bonds, notes, bills issued by corporations, governments, supranationals or agencies, and certificates of deposit, commercial paper and mutual funds, including money market funds. IDB Invest's strategy for its Cash¹ and Investment securities (collectively, Liquid Assets) is to provide sufficient liquidity and resources to finance development-related investments.

Investment securities are classified as trading and are recorded at fair value with gains and losses reported in income from Income/(loss) from liquid assets, net. Purchases and sales of securities are recorded on a trade date basis. The first-in, first-out method is used to determine the cost basis of securities sold.

¹ References to captions in the condensed interim financial statements are identified by the name of the caption beginning with a capital letter every time they appear in the notes to the condensed interim financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Development-related loans and debt securities (Development-related debt investments) – Developmentrelated loans and debt securities are recognized upon disbursement and measured at amortized cost or at fair value through income, depending on the nature and terms of each instrument. An allowance for credit losses is recognized against development-related debt investments measured at amortized cost. IDB Invest utilizes the net asset value (NAV) reported by the fund managers as a practical expedient for the fair value measurement for certain development-related debt securities. Refer to Note 4 for additional information.

For credit monitoring and portfolio management purposes, development-related loans are classified into three portfolio segments – corporates, financial institutions and project finance – and development-related debt securities are classified as corporate securities.

Development-related loans may be secured by cash, receivables, inventory, equipment, property, mortgages, third-party guarantees or other forms of collateral security or may be unsecured. IDB Invest enters into standalone insurance contracts, which are generally not transferable, to cover the credit risk of particular development-related debt investments. IDB Invest recognizes the recovery assets associated with these third-party credit enhancements in Receivables and other assets in the balance sheets and any associated gains or losses from such assets as Interest and other income, net, in the income statements.

Guarantees – IDB Invest issues guarantees covering, on a risk-sharing basis, third party obligations or securities issuances in Regional Developing Member Countries. IDB Invest's policy with respect to collateral security for these guarantees is generally the same as for its development-related loans. Guarantees are regarded as issued when IDB Invest executes the guarantee agreement, outstanding when the underlying obligation of the third party is incurred and called when IDB Invest's obligation under the guarantee has been invoked. There are two obligations associated with guarantees: (1) a stand-ready obligation to perform; and (2) a contingent obligation to make future payments. The stand-ready obligation to perform is recognized at fair value at the issuance date, typically in an amount equal to the present value of any premiums received or receivable. For financial guarantees not accounted for as derivatives, the contingent liability is measured based on the current expected credit losses (CECL) on the guarantee. For guarantees accounted for as derivatives, the contingent liability is measured at fair value through income from the issuance date.

The stand-ready and contingent liabilities associated with the guarantees issued by IDB Invest are included in Payables and other liabilities in the balance sheets. Changes in contingent liabilities measured under the CECL methodology are recorded in (Provision)/release of provision for credit losses on development-related investments in the income statements, while changes in contingent liabilities measured at fair value through income are recorded through Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net, in the income statements. Guarantee fee income is recognized as IDB Invest is released from its stand-ready obligation to perform and recorded in Interest and other income, net in the income statements. In the event a guarantee is called and IDB Invest is assigned the guaranteed obligation or the obligor otherwise has a direct contractual obligation to reimburse IDB Invest, the amount disbursed is recorded as a development-related loan and an allowance is established against the loan based on the CECL methodology.

Undisbursed commitments – IDB Invest estimates expected credit losses over the contractual period in which it is exposed to credit risk through a contractual obligation to extend credit unless IDB Invest has the discretion to cancel the commitment at any time (unconditionally cancellable). The estimate considers the likelihood that funding will occur and the expected credit losses on estimated funded commitments over their estimated lives. A contingent liability for off-balance sheet credit losses is recorded in Payables and other liabilities in the balance sheets. The expense related to the contingent liability is recorded in (Provision)/release of provision for credit losses on development-related investments in the income statements.

Allowance for credit losses – The allowance for credit losses represents Management's estimates of current expected credit losses over the remaining expected lives of development-related debt investments measured at amortized cost. The allowance for credit losses and the contingent liability for off-balance sheet credit exposures consider historical credit loss information as adjusted for current conditions and reasonable and

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

supportable (R&S) forecasts of future economic conditions in the related portfolio. Changes in the allowance for credit losses are recorded through the (Provision)/release of provision for credit losses in the income statements. IDB Invest does not record an allowance for credit losses on accrued interest receivable as it has a substantive nonaccrual policy.

Expected prepayments are factored into the estimate of expected credit losses on development-related debt investments. Projected disbursements are factored into the estimate of expected credit losses on off-balance sheet credit exposures, considering historical experience and contractual amortization schedules. Prepayment assumptions are based on historical data from IDB Group's private sector portfolio given the common portfolio characteristics, which include the borrower's country, risk rating and industry sectors. The contractual term excludes expected extensions, renewals, and modifications unless the extension or renewal options are included in the original or modified contract at the reporting date and are not controlled by IDB Invest (not unconditionally cancellable by IDB Invest).

The collective assessment of current expected credit losses is based on exposure at default (EAD), term structures of probability of default (PD) that combine point-in-time (PIT) and through-the-cycle (TTC) PDs, and loss given default (LGD). In addition, the CECL estimate incorporates forward looking conditions, which takes into consideration current market conditions, macroeconomic forecasts and their corresponding impact to the PIT PDs and LGDs. The macroeconomic forecasts in the CECL model include various scenarios, where each scenario represents a different state of the economy in the R&S period. The macroeconomic variables considered in these scenarios depend on the country of the exposure and generally include the gross domestic product (GDP), equity indices, and oil prices. Management currently considers the R&S period to be three years, after which the model reverts to historical averages for long-term values over a two year period using a linear method for PD mean-reversion. For each scenario, a lifetime loss rate for each instrument is calculated using the appropriate PD and LGD for each quarter of the instrument's remaining life. The results are then multiplied by the instrument's amortized cost. If multiple scenarios are considered, then results are weighted.

IDB Invest performs a periodic risk assessment, at least annually, to assign a risk rating to each borrower and each development-related debt investment. The risk ratings assigned to the borrower and the investment correspond to specific PDs and LGDs and are determined based on a series of sector specific scorecards, which are aligned to IDB Invest's portfolio segments. IDB Invest maps internal ratings to long-term PDs published annually by an international rating agency. For LGDs, IDB Invest uses a decision-tree scorecard model developed by an international rating agency to capture exposure specific information, such as seniority, guarantees, collateral, industry, and jurisdiction at the facility level, which vary across different exposures of the same borrower.

The major credit risk factors considered for a project finance development-related debt investment may be grouped into the following categories: political risk, commercial or project risk, technical and construction risk, and financial risk. Political risks can be defined as the risks to a project's financing emanating from governmental sources, either from a legal or regulatory perspective. Commercial or project risks are related to the construction or completion risks, economic or financial viability of a project and operational risks. Financial risks consider the project's exposures to cash flow generation, interest rate and foreign currency volatility, inflation risk, liquidity risk, and funding risk.

The major credit risk factors considered for a development-related debt investment to a financial institution are country-related risk including regulatory, competition, government support and macro-economic risks, which act as an anchor for the risk assessment as a whole. Additionally, the rating scorecard assesses the following institution-specific factors: capital adequacy, asset quality, operating policies and procedures and risk management framework; quality of management and decision making; earnings and market position, liquidity and sensitivity to market risk; quality of regulations and regulatory agencies; and potential government or shareholder support.

The major credit risk factors considered for corporate development-related debt investments are country and industry risks, business and market risks, an assessment of the borrower's management, and financial risks,

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

including a qualitative assessment of financial risks and a quantitative assessment of financial ratios. After consideration of these borrower specific characteristics, extraordinary support from shareholders or from the government may be considered if applicable.

To augment the quantitative process described above, qualitative adjustments arising from information lags implicit in the quantitative loss estimation models, known model or data limitations, significant changes in portfolio composition or lending operations and uncertainty associated with economic and business conditions are applied as necessary based on Management's judgment.

For those development-related debt investments where the collective assessment does not apply, IDB Invest individually assesses the current expected credit losses. The determination of the allowance for credit losses for these investments reflects Management's best judgment of the creditworthiness of the borrower and is established based upon the periodic review of individual development-related debt investments. This estimate considers all available evidence including, as appropriate, the present value of expected future cash flows, the fair value of collateral less disposal costs, and other market data. Due to the nature of the development-related debt investments, secondary market values are usually not available.

IDB Invest monitors its development-related debt investments for signs that the borrower may be facing financial difficulty, which may be evidenced by —among other factors— a current or expected payment default, declared or potential declaration of bankruptcy by the borrower, substantial doubt as to whether the borrower will continue as a going concern, delisting or threat of delisting of the borrower's securities, expectations that the borrower's cash flows will be insufficient to service its debt in accordance with the contractual terms for the foreseeable future, or the borrower's inability to obtain funds from sources other than existing creditors at an effective interest rate equal to the current market rate for debt for a nontroubled debtor. The effect of most modifications of development-related debt investments to borrowers facing financial difficulty is already reflected in the allowance for credit losses and, therefore, such modifications generally do not result in a change to the allowance for credit losses. For a modification in the form of principal forgiveness, the amortized cost basis of the asset is written off against the allowance for credit losses. Additional information related to modifications in the form of principal forgiveness, interest rate reduction, other-than-insignificant payment delay, or term extension (or a combination of these) to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty is included in Note 4.

Development-related debt investments are partially or fully written off when IDB Invest has exhausted all possible means of recovery through a legal agreement, final bankruptcy settlement or when IDB Invest has determined with a reasonable degree of certainty that the relevant amount will not be collected. IDB Invest reduces the investment and related allowance for credit losses. Recoveries, if any, of previously written off amounts are recorded through the allowance.

Revenue recognition on development-related debt investments – Interest income on development-related debt investments is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected and is included in Interest and other income, net, in the income statements. Accrued interest income receivable is presented separately from development-related debt investments and is included in Receivables and other assets in the balance sheets.

Development-related debt investments are generally placed in nonaccrual status when collectability is in doubt or payments of interest or principal are past due more than 90 days. IDB Invest does not accrue income and ceases amortization of any premiums or discounts on development-related debt investments in nonaccrual status. Any uncollected interest accrued on a development-related debt investment placed in nonaccrual status is reversed out of income and is thereafter recognized as Interest and other income, net, in the income statements when the payment is received. A development-related debt investment is returned to accrual status once Management has concluded that the borrower has demonstrated its ability to make periodic interest and principal payments.

Fees and costs for a development-related debt investment measured at amortized cost are deferred and amortized over the life of the asset on a straight-line basis. Amortization of the net deferred fees and costs is

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

included in Interest and other income, net, in the income statements thereby approximating how fees and costs would be reflected under the effective interest method. The net deferred amounts are included in Payables and other liabilities in the balance sheets. Fees and costs for development-related debt investment measured at fair value are recognized as incurred and included in Interest and other income, net, in the income statements.

Equity investments – Equity investments include certain ownership interests in limited partnerships and similar fund structures (LPs) and direct equity investments primarily in small and medium-sized enterprises and financial institutions.

IDB Invest accounts for its equity investments at fair value through income. For investments in entities over which IDB Invest has significant influence, IDB Invest elects the fair value option in lieu of applying the equity method of accounting.

IDB Invest utilizes the NAV reported by the fund managers as a practical expedient for the fair value measurement of interests in LPs. The NAVs that have been reported by the fund manager are derived from the fair values of the underlying investments.

Revenue recognition on equity investments – Dividends, fund distributions, sales, and profit participations received from equity investments are recorded as income and reported in Realized gain/(loss), dividends and other income, net, in the income statements.

Unrealized gains and losses related to fair value adjustments are recorded in Unrealized gain/(loss) from changes in fair value, net, in the income statements. Disbursements and distributions that represent return of capital are recorded as increases and decreases, respectively, in the outstanding balance of these equity investments and recorded in Equity investments in the balance sheets.

Consolidation, non-controlling interests, variable interest entities – IDB Invest evaluates its variable interests in legal entities upon commitment, at the time of modification, if applicable, and on an annual basis to determine whether it must consolidate any entity. Pursuant to ASC 810, *Consolidation*, IDB Invest is required to consolidate an entity if (a) the entity is a variable interest entity (VIE) for which IDB Invest is the primary beneficiary or (b) the entity is not a VIE and IDB Invest has a controlling financial interest.

A variable interest is a contractual, ownership or other pecuniary interest in a VIE whose value changes as the fair value of the VIE's net assets change. A legal entity is a VIE if (i) it lacks sufficient equity to permit the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support or (ii) the equity investors, as a group, lack (a) the power, through voting or similar rights, to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance; (b) substantive voting rights; (c) the obligation to absorb the expected losses of the entity; or (d) the right to receive the expected residual returns of the entity.

The primary beneficiary is the party with the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the VIE's economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses of the entity or the right to receive benefits of the VIE that could potentially be significant to the entity. Additional information about VIEs is included in Note 4.

Revenue recognition for service fees – IDB Invest recognizes revenue in connection with services it provides to the IDB and trust funds administered by the IDB or IDB Invest. A series of service level agreements (SLAs) define the nature of the services and corresponding fees for services provided to the IDB. The most significant of these services relates to loan origination and servicing performed on the IDB's behalf. IDB Invest recognizes revenue for these services as it fulfills its performance obligation over the annual service period. Similarly, IDB Invest receives project administration and general administrative fees for services provided to several special purpose trust funds administered by IDB Invest or the IDB. Additional information about related party transactions is included in Note 13.

Risk management and use of derivative instruments – IDB Invest uses derivative instruments primarily for market risk management purposes in connection with its principal business activities. IDB Invest enters into

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

cross currency and interest rate swaps to manage foreign exchange and interest rate risks arising from mismatches between its development-related debt investments and its borrowing liabilities. None are designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815, *Derivatives*.

Derivatives are recognized in the balance sheets at their fair value and are classified as either Derivative assets or Derivative liabilities. Changes in fair value of derivatives are recorded in Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net, in the income statements. Additional information about derivatives is included in Note 7.

Fixed and intangible assets – Fixed assets consist of office equipment and furniture and intangible assets consist of internally-developed software. Fixed and intangible assets are presented at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization and are included in Receivables and other assets in the balance sheets. Depreciation and amortization are recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets that range from three to seven years.

Leases – IDB Invest leases office space from the IDB at its headquarters and in its Regional Developing Member Countries. IDB Invest recognizes these leases as operating leases under ASC 842, *Leases*.

IDB Invest recognizes a right-of-use asset and lease liability in the balance sheets for each operating lease based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term. The right-of-use assets are nonmonetary assets included in Receivable and other assets in the balance sheets and are amortized based on each period's discounted cash flows. Lease liabilities are monetary liabilities included in Payables and other liabilities in the balance sheets and are reduced based on each period's discounted cash flows. Lease liabilities are monetary liabilities included in Payables and other liabilities in the balance sheets and are reduced based on each period's discounted cash flows. IDB Invest remeasures its lease liabilities originating in currencies other than USD at the exchange rate in effect at each reporting date. Operating lease expense is recorded on a straight-line basis and included in Administrative expenses in the income statements. Additional information related to IDB Invest's leases is included in Notes 5, 8, and 12.

Borrowings – To ensure funds are available for its operational liquidity needs, IDB Invest offers its debt securities to investors in international capital markets. IDB Invest's borrowings are carried at amortized cost or fair value in the balance sheets.

For those borrowings carried at amortized cost, the amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts is calculated following a methodology that approximates the effective interest method and is included in Borrowings expense in the income statements. The unamortized balance of the borrowing issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability is included as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of the Borrowings in the balance sheets. Interest expense on all borrowings is recognized on an accrual basis and is included in Borrowings expense in the income statements.

For those borrowings carried at fair value, fair value changes are reported in accordance with ASC 825, *Financial Instruments*. Accordingly, the change in fair value due to market risk is reported in Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net, in the income statements. The remaining change in fair value resulting from changes in IDB Invest's own credit risk is reported in Unrealized gains/(losses) arising during the period related to fair value adjustments on borrowings attributable to changes in instrument-specific credit risk, net, in the statements of other comprehensive income, and is measured by using IDB Invest's own credit spread against a reference rate. Additional information about borrowings is included in Note 6.

Non-trading portfolio – IDB Invest's non-trading portfolio includes development-related debt investments, derivatives, and borrowings accounted for at fair value. The reported income volatility resulting from these non-trading financial instruments is not fully representative of the underlying economics of the transactions as IDB Invest does not intend to actively trade such instruments. Therefore, Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign currency transactions, net, are reported separately from Income/(expense)

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from development-related investments, liquid assets and other income, net, of borrowing expenses in the income statements. Additional information about the non-trading portfolio is included in Note 11.

Remeasurements of foreign currency transactions – Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the USD are translated into USD at market exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. Income and expenses are translated at the market exchange rate in effect at the transaction date. Resulting gains and losses from remeasurements are generally included in Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net, in the income statements.

Fair value measurements – ASC 820, *Fair Value Measurements,* requires entities to disclose information about recurring and non-recurring fair value measurements, as well as the fair value of financial instruments.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transfer between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions. Fair value measurement further assumes that a transaction to sell the asset or assume a liability takes place either in the principal market or, in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

In determining fair value, IDB Invest uses various valuation approaches, including market, income, or cost approaches. The Codification establishes a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of IDB Invest that reflect assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data is not available and are developed using the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

• Level 1—Inputs are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Assets and liabilities utilizing Level 1 inputs include debt securities and equity investments that are actively traded and primarily include debt securities of the United States government and agencies.

Level 2—Inputs are based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices
for identical or similar assets or liabilities that are not actively traded; or pricing models for which all
significant inputs are observable, directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Assets and liabilities utilizing Level 2 inputs include money market funds, investment securities, and investments in obligations of banks, governments and agencies or instrumentalities other than the United States, sovereigns, local and regional governments, corporate bonds, borrowings, and derivative instruments that are not actively traded.

• Level 3—Inputs are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Assets utilizing Level 3 inputs include loans, development-related debt securities, equity investments, and borrowings that are measured for which observable inputs are not available.

The availability of observable inputs is affected by a wide variety of factors, including, for example, the type of product, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent fair value is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3.

Fair value for the majority of IDB Invest's financial instruments is derived using pricing models. Pricing models consider the contract terms, including amortization schedule and maturity, where applicable, and other inputs, including, where applicable, interest rate yield curves, credit spreads, creditworthiness of the counterparty,

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

option volatility, and currency rates. In accordance with ASC 820, the impact of IDB Invest's own credit spreads would also be considered when measuring the fair value of liabilities. Where appropriate, valuation adjustments are made to account for various factors, including bid-ask spreads, credit quality, and market liquidity. These adjustments are applied on a consistent basis and are based upon observable inputs, where available. Additional information about fair value measurements is included in Note 10.

Fair value option – The Fair Value Option (FVO) under ASC 825, *Financial Instruments*, permits the measurement of eligible financial assets, financial liabilities and firm commitments at fair value on an instrument-by-instrument basis, that are not otherwise permitted or required to be accounted for at fair value under other accounting standards. IDB Invest has elected the FVO for the following classes of financial assets and liabilities: i) certain investments in development-related debt securities that IDB Invest does not have the ability and intent to hold until maturity, ii) certain hybrid development-related debt investments, iii) investments in equity securities for which a measurement alternative is no longer applied, and v) certain borrowings that are economically hedged with derivative financial instruments.

Financial assets and borrowings elected under the FVO are measured at fair value on a recurring basis and changes in fair value of these financial instruments are included in Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net, in the income statements. Interest income on these financial instruments is recognized on an accrual basis, where applicable.

Loan participations – IDB Invest mobilizes funds from commercial banks and other financial institutions (Participants) by facilitating loan participations, without recourse. These loan participations are administered and serviced by IDB Invest on behalf of the Participants in exchange for a fee. Such fees are recognized upon receipt and are reported in Mobilization fees and other income in the income statements. The disbursed and outstanding balances of loan participations that meet the requirements to be accounted for as sales are not included in IDB Invest's balance sheets.

Pension and postretirement benefits – IDB Invest is a sponsor of the Staff Retirement Plan (SRP) and the Complementary Staff Retirement Plan (CSRP) (the Pension Plans), which are defined benefit pension plans jointly managed with the IDB. Under the Pension Plans, benefits are based on years of service and level of compensation, and plan assets include contributions by employees and by IDB Invest and the IDB for their respective employees. Any and all contributions to the Pension Plans are irrevocable and are held separately in retirement funds solely for the payment of benefits under the Pension Plans.

IDB Invest also provides certain health care, tax reimbursement and other postretirement benefits to eligible retirees under its Postretirement Benefits Plan (PRBP), which is also jointly managed by the IDB. Retirees contribute toward the PRBP based on an established premium schedule. IDB Invest and the IDB funds the remainder of the actuarially determined cost of future health care and other benefits for their respective employees. All contributions and other assets and income of the PRBP remain the property of IDB Invest and the IDB, but are held and administered separately and apart from the other property and assets of each employer solely for the purpose of payment of benefits under the PRBP.

Since both the IDB and IDB Invest are sponsors of the Pension Plans and the PRBP, each employer presents its respective share of these plans. The amounts presented reflect IDB Invest's proportionate share of costs, assets, and obligations of the Pension Plans and PRBP in accordance with ASC 715, *Compensation – Retirement Benefits*.

The service cost component of net periodic benefit costs allocated to IDB Invest is included in Administrative expenses and the other components are included in Other components of pension benefit costs, net, in the income statements. The separate funded statuses of the Pension Plans and the PRBP are included in Receivables and other assets when the respective Pension Plans or the PRBP is in a funded status, and included in Payables and other liabilities when the respective Pension Plans or the PRBP is in an underfunded status in the balance sheets. Additional information about the Pension Plans and PRBP is included in Note 14.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Taxes – IDB Invest, its property, other assets, income, and the operations and transactions it carries out pursuant to the Agreement Establishing the Inter-American Investment Corporation, are immune from all taxation and from all custom duties in its member countries. IDB Invest is also immune from any obligation relating to the payment, withholding or collection of any tax or duty in its member countries.

Accounting and financial reporting developments – In June 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-03, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Fair Value Measurement of Equity Securities Subject to Contractual Sale Restrictions*. The amendments in this ASU clarify that a contractual restriction on the sale of an equity security is not considered part of the unit of account of the equity security and, therefore, is not considered in measuring fair value. The amendments also clarify that an entity cannot, as a separate unit of account, recognize and measure a contractual sale restriction. Additionally, certain disclosures for equity securities subject to contractual sale restrictions are required. For IDB Invest, this ASU is effective on January 1, 2024, and did not impact IDB Invest's financial statements.

In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU 2022-06, *Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Deferral of the Sunset Date of Topic 848*. The amendments in this ASU defer the sunset date of the guidance in Topic 848 to December 31, 2024, and are effective immediately for all entities. This ASU is not expected to have a material impact on IDB Invest's financial statements.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures. The amendments in this ASU enhance segment reporting primarily through enhanced disclosures such as significant segment expenses and other incremental segment information to enable investors to develop more decision-useful financial analyses. For IDB Invest, this ASU is effective for the reporting period ending December 31, 2024. IDB Invest is currently evaluating the impact on its financial statements.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

3. Liquid Assets

Liquid assets consists of the following (USD thousands):

	Ma	rch 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Cash ⁽¹⁾	\$	49,463	\$	75,828	
Investment securities (2)					
Money market funds		699,433		326,920	
Debt securities					
Corporate securities (3)		1,779,247		1,428,112	
Agency securities		522,378		400,357	
Government securities		299,016		258,967	
Supranational securities		223,962		128,212	
Total debt securities	\$	2,824,603	\$	2,215,648	
Total investment securities		3,524,036		2,542,568	
Total liquid assets	\$	3,573,499	\$	2,618,396	

⁽¹⁾ Includes restricted cash of \$18.6 million as of March 31, 2024 (\$18.6 million as of December 31, 2023).

⁽²⁾ Investment securities is composed of 94.5% in USD, 3.6% in MXN, 1.5% in COP, and 0.4% in BRL as of March 31, 2024 (93.5% in USD, 3.8% in MXN, 1.8% in COP, and 0.9% in BRL as of December 31, 2023).

⁽³⁾ Includes a certificate of deposit of \$29.5 million pledged as collateral to secure a borrowing as of March 31, 2024 (\$29.5 million as of December 31, 2023). Refer to Note 6.

The total income from Liquid assets is summarized below (USD thousands):

	Three months ended March 31				
		2024		2023	
Interests and dividends, net Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value and gain/(loss) from foreign	\$	37,065	\$	33,364	
exchange transactions, net		305		19,165	
Total income/(loss) from liquid assets, net	\$	37,370	\$	52,529	

Net unrealized losses recognized in income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 relating to trading securities still held as of March 31, 2024 were \$7.2 million (\$8.9 million net unrealized gains for the three months ended March 31, 2023).

The maturity structure of debt securities included in Liquid assets is as follows (USD thousands):

	 March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Less than one year	\$ 1,307,316	\$	1,069,137	
Between one and five years	1,517,287		1,146,511	
Total	\$ 2,824,603	\$	2,215,648	

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

4. Development-related Investments

IDB Invest's development-related investments include loans, guarantees, debt securities, and equity investments, which are the result of financing activities that are designed to promote the economic development of IDB Invest's Regional Developing Member Countries through the establishment, expansion, and modernization of private enterprises.

The cost and carrying amount of development-related investments are as follows (USD thousands):

		March 31, 2024			December 31, 2023				
	Principal outstanding	Amortized cost	Carrying amount	Principal outstanding	Amortized cost	Carrying amount			
Loans									
At amortized cost	\$ 6,079,625	\$ 6,053,756	\$ 6,053,756	\$ 6,169,432	\$ 6,139,520	\$ 6,139,520			
At fair value	427,425	427,425	417,019	437,377	437,377	419,239			
Total loans	6,507,050	6,481,181	6,470,775	6,606,809	6,576,897	6,558,759			
Debt securities									
At amortized cost	148,628	148,628	148,628	148,544	148,544	148,544			
At fair value	1,284,525	1,241,724	1,204,278	1,295,211	1,249,516	1,213,147			
Total debt securities	1,433,153	1,390,352	1,352,906	1,443,755	1,398,060	1,361,691			
Allowance for credit losses			(220,205)			(231,516)			
Total development-related debt investments, net	7,940,203	7,871,533	7,603,476	8,050,564	7,974,957	7,688,934			
		Cost	Carrying amount		Cost	Carrying amount			
Equity investments									
At fair value		329,208	310,167		314,713	303,176			
Total equity investments		329,208	310,167		314,713	303,176			
Total development-related investments, net		\$ 8,200,741	\$ 7,913,643		\$ 8,289,670	\$ 7,992,110			

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Income from development-related investments is summarized below (USD thousands):

	 Three months ended March 31			
	 2024	2023		
Loans, debt securities and guarantees				
Interest income	\$ 160,639 \$	117,795		
Fees and other income/(expense), net	11,006	6,606		
Recovery asset income/(release)	(3,361)	269		
Insurance premium expense	(7,733)	(8,089)		
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	7,592	1,367		
Income/(expense) from loans, debt securities and guarantees	168,143	117,948		
Equity investments				
Realized gain/(loss), net	1,563	890		
Dividends and other income	_	48		
Unrealized gain/(loss) from changes in fair value, net	(7,504)	(13,176)		
Income from equity investments, net	(5,941)	(12,238)		
Income from development-related investments, net	\$ 162,202 \$	105,710		

Undisbursed commitments (net of cancellations) related to development-related investments are summarized below (USD thousands):

	 March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023		
Loans				
At amortized cost	\$ 1,013,960	\$	1,047,216	
At fair value	112,690		126,032	
Total loans	1,126,650		1,173,248	
Debt securities				
At amortized cost	15,000		_	
At fair value	127,195		127,330	
Total debt securities	142,195		127,330	
Total development-related debt investments, net	1,268,845		1,300,578	
Equity investments				
At fair value	188,621		201,117	
Total equity investments	188,621		201,117	
Total development-related investments, net	\$ 1,457,466	\$	1,501,695	

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The maturity structure of development-related debt investments is as follows (USD thousands):

M		March 31, 2024	December 31, 202	
Loans				
Due in one year or less	\$	2,264,578	\$	2,459,963
Due after one year through five years		2,206,252		2,168,318
Due after five years through ten years		1,500,995		1,456,202
Due after ten years and thereafter		535,225		522,326
Total loans		6,507,050		6,606,809
Debt securities				
Due in one year or less		223,921		207,778
Due after one year through five years		743,322		756,680
Due after five years through ten years		386,541		387,198
Due after ten years and thereafter		79,369		92,099
Total debt securities		1,433,153		1,443,755
Total development-related debt investments, principal amount outstanding		7,940,203		8,050,564
Unamortized discounts		(68,670)		(75,607)
Total development-related debt investments at cost		7,871,533		7,974,957
Fair value adjustments		(47,852)		(54,507)
Total development-related debt investments at carrying amount	\$	7,823,681	\$	7,920,450

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Development-related debt investments by currency and range of contractual interest rates, and a reconciliation of total cost to carrying amount are summarized below (USD thousands):

	March 31, 2024		Decemb	er 31, 2023	
	Amount	Interest rate range	Amount	Interest rate range	
Brazilian real (BRL)					
Loans	\$ 272,082	11.2%-16.0%		12.2%-17.0%	
Debt securities	33,809	12.7%-12.9%	34,891	13.7%-13.9%	
	305,891		316,103		
Chilean unit of account (CLF) ⁽¹⁾	110.050	4 50/		0/	
Loans	110,352	4.5%		—%	
Children name (CLD)	110,352				
Chilean peso (CLP) Loans	22 074	8.7%-11.9%	25 400	8.7%-11.9%	
Loans	23,974	0.7 %-11.9%	25,490 25,490	0.7 %-11.9%	
Colombian peso (COP)	23,374		23,430		
Loans	131,656	14.6%-18.1%	163,745	15.3%-19.0%	
Debt securities	175,746	9.5%-14.3%	175,067	9.5%-14.9%	
Debt sedunies	307,402	0.070 14.070	338,812	0.070 14.070	
Colombian real value unit (COU) ⁽¹⁾	001,102		000,012		
Debt securities	141,154	7.6%	138,154	7.6%	
	141,154		138,154		
Mexican peso (MXN)	,				
Loans	159,798	12.6%-16.5%	185,847	12.7%-16.5%	
Debt securities	77,402	12.5%-14.0%	76,504	12.5%-14.0%	
	237,200		262,351		
Paraguayan guarani (PYG)					
Loans	32,701	7.5%-9.6%	33,186	7.5%-9.5%	
	32,701		33,186		
Peruvian sol (PEN)					
Loans	73,234	7.7%-11.1%	73,564	7.7%-11.1%	
Debt securities	51,386	8.0%-10.8%	51,618	8.0%-10.8%	
	124,620		125,182		
Trinidad and Tobago dollar (TTD)					
Loans	95,915	2.9%-3.8%	96,078	2.9%-3.8%	
Debt securities	35,415	3.5%	35,475	3.5%	
	131,330		131,553		
United States dollar (USD)					
Loans	4,943,710	2.9%-15.0%	4,931,918	2.9%-15.0%	
Debt securities	547,584	3.0%-12.0%	558,601	3.0%-12.2%	
	5,491,294		5,490,519		
Total development-related debt investments, before discounted debt investments	6,905,918		6,861,350		
Discounted debt investments with no stated interest rate (USD)	826,782		980,412		
Discounted debt investments with no stated interest rate (MXN)	138,833		133,195		
Total development-related debt investments at cost	7,871,533		7,974,957		
Fair value adjustments for debt investments	(47,852)		(54,507)		
Total development-related debt investments at carrying amount	\$7,823,681		\$7,920,450		

⁽¹⁾ Non-circulating currencies.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Base rates of variable rate loans reset at each interest due date at least annually or more frequently, but loan margins generally remain constant over the life of the variable rate loan.

Development-related debt investments

An aging analysis, based on contractual terms, for development-related debt investments as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 is as follows (USD thousands):

					Mar	ch 31, 2024				
	1-90) days past due	>9	0 days past due	Tot	al past due	٦	otal current	Т	otal portfolio
Loans	\$	45,158	\$	35,864	\$	81,022	\$	6,426,028	\$	6,507,050
Debt securities		15,313		_		15,313		1,417,840		1,433,153
Total development-related debt investments, principal amount outstanding		60,471		35,864		96,335		7,843,868		7,940,203
Unamortized discounts		(270)		_		(270)		(68,400)		(68,670)
Total development-related debt investments at cost		60,201		35,864		96,065		7,775,468		7,871,533
Fair value adjustments for debt investments		_		(3,180)		(3,180)		(44,672)		(47,852)
Total development-related debt investments at carrying amount	\$	60,201	\$	32,684	\$	92,885	\$	7,730,796	\$	7,823,681

				Γ	Dece	mber 31, 202	3			
	1-90) days past due	>9(0 days past due	Tot	al past due	Т	otal current	Т	otal portfolio
Loans	\$	20,843	\$	15,171	\$	36,014	\$	6,570,795	\$	6,606,809
Debt securities				_		_		1,443,755		1,443,755
Total development-related debt investments, principal amount outstanding		20,843		15,171		36,014		8,014,550		8,050,564
Unamortized discounts				_		_		(75,607)		(75,607)
Total development-related debt investments at cost		20,843		15,171		36,014		7,938,943		7,974,957
Fair value adjustments for debt investments		(3,180)		_		(3,180)		(51,327)		(54,507)
Total development-related debt investments at carrying amount	\$	17,663	\$	15,171	\$	32,834	\$	7,887,616	\$	7,920,450

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

IDB Invest monitors for development-related debt investments measured at amortized cost and fair value in nonaccrual and past due. Development-related debt investments in nonaccrual are summarized as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 as follows (USD thousands):

		March 3	31, 2024		Three	Three months ended March 31, 2024 Interest income recognized on Accrued interest							
	Total	nonaccrual		lays past d accruing	reco			ued interest e written off					
Loans	\$	148,398	\$	_	\$	939	\$	_					
Debt securities		_				_		_					
Total development-related debt investments, principal amount outstanding		148,398		_		939		_					
Unamortized discounts		(270)		_									
Total development-related debt investments at cost		148,128		_		939		_					
Fair value adjustments for debt investments		(3,180)		_									
Total development-related debt investments at carrying amount	\$	144,948	\$	_	\$	939	\$	_					

		Decembe	r 31, 202	3	Three	months end	ed Mar	ch 31, 2023
	Total	nonaccrual		days past d accruing	reco	est income gnized on naccrual		ued interest e written off
Loans	\$	145,658	\$	_	\$	132	\$	988
Debt securities		_		_		_		_
Total development-related debt investments, principal amount outstanding		145,658		_		132		988
Unamortized discounts		—		_				
Total development-related debt investments at cost		145,658		_		132		988
Fair value adjustments for debt investments		(3,180)		_				
Total development-related debt investments at carrying amount	\$	142,478	\$	_	\$	132	\$	988

As of March 31, 2024, one loan measured at fair value with a principal amount outstanding of \$3.2 million and net carrying amount of zero was classified as nonaccrual and past due (principal amount outstanding of \$3.2 million and net carrying amount of zero classified as nonaccrual and past due as of December 31, 2023). There were no debt securities measured at fair value in nonaccrual nor past due as of March 31, 2024 (none as of December 31, 2023).

There were no development-related debt investments at amortized cost classified as nonaccrual without a related allowance for credit losses as of March 31, 2024 (none as of December 31, 2023).

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Modifications of development-related debt investments made to borrowers experiencing financial difficulty

In accordance with ASU 2022-02, IDB Invest presents modifications for development-related debt investments measured at amortized cost and the respective financial effects. There were no modifications for development-related debt investments measured at amortized cost for the three months ended March 31, 2024. The following table presents modifications for development-related debt investments measured at amortized cost and the respective financial effects of the three months ended March 31, 2024. The following table presents modifications for development-related debt investments measured at amortized cost and the respective financial effects for the three months ended March 31, 2023 (USD thousand):

				Three m	nonths ended Mar	ch 31, 2023
	Amortized cost basis			Undisbursed commitment amount	% of total class of financing receivable	Financial effect
Loans	_					
Term extension	\$	6,101	\$	_	0.1 %	These modifications increased the weighted-average life of the modified loans by 0.5 years, from 2.0 to 2.5 years.
Total loans		6,101				
Total development- related debt investments	\$	6,101	\$			

The following table presents the performance of development-related debt investments modified in the last twelve months for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (USD thousand):

			Thre	ee mo	onths er	nded March	31, 2	024			
	C	Current	1-90 days pa due					Total	Gross write-offs		
Loans	\$	91,262	\$	_	\$	17,498	\$	108,760	\$	_	
Total	\$	91,262	\$	_	\$	17,498	\$	108,760	\$	_	

There were no development-related debt investments modified during the three months ended March 31, 2023 which were past due.

There were no defaults during the three months ended March 31, 2024 related to development-related debt investments that were modified twelve months prior (none for the three months ended March 31, 2023).

Collateral-dependent Loans

A loan is considered collateral-dependent when the borrower is experiencing financial difficulty and repayment is expected to be provided substantially through the operation or sale of the collateral. IDB Invest's collateral-dependent loans are generally secured by mortgages or asset pledges. As of March 31, 2024, the amortized cost of collateral-dependent loans was \$26.5 million (\$26.5 million as of December 31, 2023).

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Changes in the allowance for credit losses by portfolio segment are presented below (USD thousands):

	Three months ended March 31, 2024									
		inancial stitutions	Со	rporates		Project finance		Total		
Loans										
Beginning balance	\$	(48,958)	\$	(91,480)	\$	(89,179)	\$	(229,617)		
Loans written off		600		_		—		600		
Recoveries				_		—		_		
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses		4,748		1,623		4,045		10,416		
Loans ending balance		(43,610)		(89,857)		(85,134)		(218,601)		
Debt securities										
Beginning balance		(1,473)		(287)		(139)		(1,899)		
Debt securities written off		_		_		_		_		
Recoveries		_		_		_		_		
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses		198		99		(2)		295		
Debt securities ending balance		(1,275)		(188)		(141)		(1,604)		
Allowance for credit losses		(44,885)		(90,045)		(85,275)		(220,205)		
Undisbursed commitments										
Beginning balance		(1,700)		(11,922)		(19,896)		(33,518)		
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses		(8)		(4,442)		935		(3,515)		
Undisbursed commitments ending balance		(1,708)		(16,364)		(18,961)		(37,033)		
Guarantees										
Beginning balance		(843)		(39)		(20)		(902)		
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses		360		39		(3)		396		
Guarantees ending balance		(483)		_		(23)		(506)		
Liability for off-balance sheet credit losses		(2,191)		(16,364)		(18,984)		(37,539)		
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	\$	5,298	\$	(2,681)	\$	4,975	\$	7,592		

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	,	Yeaı	r ended Dec	em	ber 31, 2023	3	
	inancial stitutions	С	orporates		Project finance		Total
Loans							
Beginning balance	\$ (59,138)	\$	(115,027)	\$	(69,463)	\$	(243,628)
Loans written off	—		46,789		—		46,789
Recoveries	(119)		—		—		(119)
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	 10,299		(23,242)		(19,716)		(32,659)
Loans ending balance	(48,958)		(91,480)		(89,179)		(229,617)
Debt securities							
Beginning balance	(3,008)		(1,735)		(494)		(5,237)
Debt securities written off	_		_		_		_
Recoveries	—		—		—		_
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	1,535		1,448		355		3,338
Debt securities ending balance	 (1,473)		(287)		(139)		(1,899)
Allowance for credit losses	 (50,431)		(91,767)		(89,318)		(231,516)
Undisbursed commitments							
Beginning balance	(3,411)		(30,455)		(44,553)		(78,419)
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	1,711		18,533		24,657		44,901
Undisbursed commitments ending balance	 (1,700)		(11,922)		(19,896)		(33,518)
Guarantees							
Beginning balance	(180)		_		(118)		(298)
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	(663)		(39)		98		(604)
Guarantees ending balance	 (843)		(39)		(20)		(902)
Liability for off-balance sheet credit losses	 (2,543)		(11,961)		(19,916)		(34,420)
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	\$ 12,882	\$	(3,300)	\$	5,394	\$	14,976

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

	Thr	ee r	months end	ed	March 31, 202	23	
	inancial stitutions	С	orporates		Project finance		Total
Loans							
Beginning balance	\$ (59,138)	\$	(115,027)	\$	(69,463)	\$	(243,628)
Loans written off	—		3,847		—		3,847
Recoveries	—		—		—		—
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	13,667		(8,201)		(21,784)		(16,318)
Loans ending balance	(45,471)		(119,381)		(91,247)		(256,099)
Debt securities							
Beginning balance	(3,008)		(1,735)		(494)		(5,237)
Debt securities written off	_		_		_		_
Recoveries	—		_		—		—
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	673		156		28		857
Debt securities ending balance	 (2,335)		(1,579)		(466)		(4,380)
Allowance for credit losses	 (47,806)		(120,960)		(91,713)		(260,479)
Undisbursed commitments							
Beginning balance	(3,411)		(30,455)		(44,553)		(78,419)
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	1,013		6,169		9,593		16,775
Undisbursed commitments ending balance	(2,398)		(24,286)		(34,960)		(61,644)
Guarantees							
Beginning balance	(180)		_		(118)		(298)
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	76		(5)		(18)		53
Guarantees ending balance	(104)		(5)		(136)		(245)
Liability for off-balance sheet credit losses	 (2,502)		(24,291)		(35,096)		(61,889)
(Provision)/release of provision for credit losses	\$ 15,429	\$	(1,881)	\$	(12,181) \$	\$	1,367

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

A description of credit quality indicators is presented in the table below:

Rating categories	Credit quality indicator	Internal credit risk classification range	Description
aa- and better	Very strong	aa- or higher	An obligor in these categories has a very strong capacity to meet its financial commitment.
a+ to a–	Strong	a+, a, a-	An obligor in these categories has a strong capacity to meet its financial commitment.
bbb+ to bbb-	Adequate	bbb+, bbb, bbb-	An obligor in these categories exhibits an adequate financial profile. However, adverse economic conditions or changing circumstances are more likely to lead to a weakening of the obligor's capacity to meet its financial obligations.
bb+ to bb-	Moderate	bb+, bb, bb-	An obligor in these categories can face major uncertainties or exposures to adverse business, financial, or economic conditions that could lead to its inadequate capacity to meet its financial obligations.
b+ to b-	Weak	b+, b, b-	An obligor in these categories is more vulnerable to nonpayment than obligations rated bb-, but the obligor currently has the capacity to meet its financial obligations. Adverse business, financial, or economic conditions will likely impair the obligor's capacity or willingness to meet its financial obligations.
ccc+ and lower	Very weak	ccc+ or lower	An obligor in these categories faces significant challenges, and default may also already be a virtual certainty. The obligor is currently vulnerable to nonpayment, and is dependent upon favorable business, financial, and economic conditions for the obligor to meet its financial obligations. In the event of adverse business, financial, or economic conditions, the obligor is not likely to have the capacity to meet its financial obligations.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

A summary of development-related debt investments carried at amortized cost by credit quality indicator, class of financing receivable and major security type, and vintage as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 are as follows (USD thousands):

				March	31, 2024			
		Amortize	Revolving loans					
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	Prior	amortized cost basis	Total
Loans								
Very strong	\$ —	\$ 192,748	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 192,748
Strong	—	_	_	139	—	_	_	139
Adequate	_	240,352	129,900	62,652	214,740	66,401	333,329	1,047,374
Moderate	256,009	658,784	355,270	371,615	290,202	252,599	413,633	2,598,112
Weak	104,494	346,616	360,558	426,682	302,973	247,910	146,598	1,935,831
Very weak	_		18,500	32,655	91,947	94,271	42,179	279,552
Total loans	360,503	1,438,500	864,228	893,743	899,862	661,181	935,739	6,053,756
Three months ended	March 31, 2	2024						
Gross loan write-offs	—	_	(600)	—	—	—	—	(600)
Debt securities								
Adequate	_		_	_	_	8,138	—	8,138
Moderate	—	_	35,415	—	—	92,075	_	127,490
Weak	_	_	_	_	_	13,000	_	13,000
Very weak	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total debt securities	—	_	35,415	—	—	113,213	_	148,628
Three months ended	March 31, 2	2024						
Gross debt security write-offs	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total amortized cost loans and debt securities	\$ 360,503	\$1,438,500	\$ 899,643	\$ 893,743	\$ 899,862	\$ 774,394	\$ 935,739	\$6,202,384

⁽¹⁾ Includes short-term loans with maturities of less than one year and \$6.0 million of line-of-credit arrangements that were converted to term loans during the three months ended March 31, 2024.

				Decembe	er 31, 2023			
		Revolving loans						
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	Prior	amortized cost basis	Total
Loans								
Very strong	\$ 198,916	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 198,916
Strong	_	_	138	_	—	_	_	138
Adequate	139,025	129,900	61,860	201,550	39,643	27,472	439,920	1,039,370
Moderate	855,273	366,571	356,358	308,893	176,746	121,124	448,508	2,633,473
Weak	413,021	375,048	415,576	329,975	146,467	102,836	205,650	1,988,573
Very weak	_	19,789	33,964	90,099	6,818	104,961	23,419	279,050
Total loans	1,606,235	891,308	867,896	930,517	369,674	356,393	1,117,497	6,139,520
Year ended Decembe	er 31, 2023							
Gross loan write-offs	_	_	(41,200)	_	—	(5,589)	_	(46,789)
Debt securities								
Adequate	_	_	_	_	—	8,138	_	8,138
Moderate	_	35,475	_	_	50,000	41,931	_	127,406
Weak	_	_	_	_	—	13,000	_	13,000
Very weak	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total debt securities	_	35,475	_	_	50,000	63,069	_	148,544
Year ended Decembe	er 31, 2023							
Gross debt security write-offs	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total amortized cost loans and debt securities	\$1,606,235	\$ 926,783	\$ 867,896	\$ 930,517	\$ 419,674	\$ 419,462	\$1,117,497	\$6,288,064

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

⁽¹⁾ Includes short-term loans with maturities of less than one year. There were no line-of-credit arrangements that were converted to term loans during the year ended December 31, 2023.

The following table presents the amortized cost and allowance for credit losses on held-to-maturity development-related debt securities in comparison to the fair value and gross unrecognized holding gains/ (losses) that would have been recorded if such securities were recorded at fair value (USD thousands):

		March 31, 2024											
	Amortized A			owance for Net carrying			G	ross unreco	ed holding				
		cost		dit losses			gains	losses		Fair value			
Debt securities	\$	148,628	\$	(1,604)	\$	147,024	\$	1,536	\$	(4,241)	\$	145,923	
Total	\$	148,628	\$	(1,604)	\$	147,024	\$	1,536	\$	(4,241)	\$	145,923	

		December 31, 2023												
	Δ	Amortized Allowance for			Ne	et carrying	Gr	oss unreco	gniz	ed holding				
		cost		dit losses		amount	gains		losses		F	air value		
Debt securities	\$	148,544	\$	(1,899)	\$	146,645	\$	2,079	\$	(4,714)	\$	145,909		
Total	\$	148,544	\$	(1,899)	\$	146,645	\$	2,079	\$	(4,714)	\$	145,909		

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Guarantees

Guarantees issued by IDB Invest have maturities consistent with those of the guaranteed loan portfolio. No guarantees issued by IDB Invest have been called since the inception of the guarantee program.

The outstanding exposure for guarantees by IDB Invest was \$448.6 million as of March 31, 2024 (\$441.4 million as of December 31, 2023). The maximum potential amount of future payments under the guarantees, without taking into consideration possible recoveries under recourse provisions or from collateral held or pledged, amounted to \$482.3 million as of March 31, 2024 (\$470.2 million as of December 31, 2023).

The contingent liabilities associated with the guarantees issued by IDB Invest are measured either under the CECL methodology or at fair value through income. For guarantees measured under the CECL methodology, IDB Invest recorded a contingent liability for off-balance sheet credit exposures of \$506 thousand as of March 31, 2024 (\$902 thousand as of December 31, 2023) in the balance sheets and a release of provision for credit losses of \$396 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (release of provision for credit losses of \$396 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2023) in the income statements. In connection with guarantees measured at fair value, IDB Invest recorded a fair value asset of \$2.7 million as of March 31, 2024 in the balance sheets (fair value liability of \$2.6 million as of December 31, 2023) and recognized \$5.3 million of net unrealized gains for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (net unrealized gains of \$4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (net unrealized gains of \$4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (net unrealized gains of \$4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (net unrealized gains of \$4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (net unrealized gains of \$4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (net unrealized gains of \$4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (net unrealized gains of \$4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (net unrealized gains of \$4.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (net unrealized gains of \$4.4 million for the three months ended to guarantees measured at fair value.

Loan participations

As of March 31, 2024, IDB Invest serviced loan participations outstanding of \$5.1 billion (\$4.8 billion as of December 31, 2023) and recognized servicing fees of \$311 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2024 (\$137 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2023) included in Mobilization fees and other income in the income statements.

Variable interest entities

IDB Invest, in its normal course of business, utilizes VIEs that are mainly special purpose vehicles, securitization structures, investment funds or trusts, where the sponsor, the general partner or fund manager does not have substantive equity at risk or the equity investors, as a group, lack substantive voting rights or the power, through voting or similar rights, to direct the activities of the entity that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance.

The development-related investments in VIEs for which IDB Invest is the primary beneficiary were recorded as loans, with an outstanding balance of \$37.4 million as of March 31, 2024 (\$31.1 million as of December 31, 2023) in the balance sheets. Those VIEs had no other creditors and their total assets were approximately equal to the carrying values of the Development-related investments recognized in IDB Invest's balance sheets as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

IDB Invest also holds variable interests, recorded as Development-related investments in the balance sheets, in the form of loans, debt securities and equity investments in VIEs in which it is not the primary beneficiary.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

IDB Invest's maximum exposure to losses as a result of its involvement in such VIEs as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 is in the table below (USD thousands). IDB Invest does not have any liabilities with respect to these VIEs.

	N	March 31, 2024	Decei	mber 31, 2023
Carrying value	\$	768,104	\$	768,030
Undisbursed commitments		248,881		226,604
Maximum exposure to VIEs	\$	1,016,985	\$	994,634

5. Receivables and Other Assets

Receivables and other assets are summarized below (USD thousands):

	Notes	 March 31, 2024	De	ecember 31, 2023
Receivables for cash collateral pledged	7	\$ 212,100	\$	225,600
Interest receivable on development-related debt investments		104,112		87,168
Recovery assets		47,131		50,492
Postretirement Benefit Plan, net asset		38,037		36,821
Operating lease right-of-use asset		31,121		30,344
Interest receivable on investment securities		24,443		19,681
Other assets		15,792		10,574
Fixed and intangible assets		10,430		11,536
Total receivables and other assets		\$ 483,166	\$	472,216

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

6. Borrowings

Borrowings outstanding by measurement basis, currency, and range of contractual interest rates applicable to each category are presented below (USD thousands):

		March 31	, 2024		December 31, 2023		
	0	Amount utstanding	Interest rate range		Amount outstanding	Interest rate range	
At amortized cost							
Australian dollar (AUD)	\$	337,591	1.1%-2.2%	\$	353,005	1.1%-2.2%	
Brazilian real (BRL)		58,030	10.9%-13.1%		60,153	11.9%-14.1%	
Colombian peso (COP)		149,924	6.6%-15.1%		182,348	6.6%-15.1%	
Mexican peso (MXN)		511,233	11.5%-11.6%		500,608	11.5%-11.6%	
Paraguayan guarani (PYG)		32,701	5.4%-7.9%		33,186	5.4%-7.9%	
Trinidad and Tobago dollar (TTD)		131,330	1.9%-2.1%		131,554	1.9%-2.1%	
United States dollar (USD)		600,000	1.7%-1.8%		900,000	1.7%-5.7%	
Principal at face value		1,820,809			2,160,854		
Unamortized premiums/discounts and issuance costs, net		(1,225)			(1,315)		
Borrowings at amortized cost, net		1,819,584			2,159,539		
At fair value							
Australian dollar (AUD)		480,588	1.5%-5.0%		480,588	1.5%-5.0%	
Colombian peso (COP)		30,410	9.6%-11.3%		20,090	11.3%	
Euro (EUR)		1,207,768	3.1%		1,207,768	3.1%	
United States dollar (USD)		4,500,000	0.6%-4.8%		3,500,000	0.6%-4.8%	
Principal at face value ⁽¹⁾		6,218,766			5,208,446		
Unamortized premiums/discounts and issuance costs, net		(10,751)			(9,121)		
Fair value (gain)/loss adjustments, net		(147,893)			(53,320)		
Borrowings at fair value, net		6,060,122		_	5,146,005		
Total borrowings at carrying amount, net	\$	7,879,706		\$	7,305,544		

⁽¹⁾ Translated at the market exchange rate in effect at the issuance date.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Availability under existing credit facilities are senior and unsecured, except as noted below (USD thousands):

			March 31	, 2	2024
	Available until	Committed amount	Undrawn commitment amount		Drawdown amount
Colombian peso					
COP 254 billion	2024	\$ 65,825	\$ — \$	5	65,825
Trinidad & Tobago dollar					
TTD 350 million (uncollateralized)	2029	\$ 51,647	\$ — \$	5	51,647
TTD 200 million (collateralized) ⁽¹⁾	2029	\$ 29,512	\$ — \$	5	29,512
Multi-currency					
USD 300 million	2033	\$ 300,000	\$ 89,655 \$	5	210,345

⁽¹⁾ As of March 31, 2024, a corporate security of \$29.5 million was pledged to secure a borrowing. Refer to Note 3.

Borrowings expense, net, is as follows (USD thousands):

		ended March 31	
		2024	2023
Interest expense	\$	73,450	\$ 48,431
Fees and other borrowing related expenses		56	73
Amortization of premiums/discounts and issuance costs, net		2,353	2,126
Total borrowings expense, net	\$	75,859	\$ 50,630

Changes in fair value of borrowings attributable to changes in instrument-specific credit risk recognized in Other comprehensive income and the net amount recognized in Accumulated other comprehensive income/(loss) are as follows (USD thousands):

	 Three months ended	March 31
	2024	2023
Beginning balance	\$ (12,573) \$	(19,173)
Unrealized gains/(losses) arising during the period related to fair value adjustments on borrowings attributable to changes in instrument-		
specific credit risk, net	(20,361)	14,531
Net amount recognized	\$ (32,934) \$	(4,642)

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

7. Derivative Instruments

IDB Invest enters into contracts for derivative instruments primarily for market risk management purposes in connection with its principal business activities. None of these derivative instruments are designated as hedging instruments under ASC 815, *Derivatives*.

The location presented as assets/(liabilities) in the balance sheets and the fair value of derivative instruments by purpose and type are summarized below (USD thousands):

	Derivative type		March	2024	December 31, 2023				
Derivative purpose			Derivative assets		Derivative liabilities		Derivative assets	Derivative liabilities	
Development-related debt investments	Cross currency swaps	\$	5,042	\$	(20,811)	\$	2,631	\$	(19,899)
	Interest rate swaps		122,750		(16,775)		106,885		(21,849)
Borrowings	Cross currency swaps		70,995		(220,477)		112,840		(196,028)
	Interest rate swaps		3,163		(143,924)		23,156		(144,455)
Total		\$	201,950	\$	(401,987)	\$	245,512	\$	(382,231)

The effect of derivative instruments is recorded through Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net, in the income statements, and is summarized below (USD thousands):

	Three months ended March 31												
		20)24	ļ		2023							
Derivative type and purpose	Realized gain/(loss) on swaps			Unrealized gain/ (loss) on swaps		alized gain/(loss) on swaps	Unrealized gain/ (loss) on swaps						
Development-related debt investments													
Cross currency swaps	\$	6,626	\$	1,499	\$	(1,333) \$	(573)						
Interest rate swaps		15,648		20,938		11,437	(30,446)						
Borrowings													
Cross currency swaps		(31,460))	(66,292)		(9,676)	33,116						
Interest rate swaps		(47,066))	(19,463)		(22,911)	39,268						
Total	\$	(56,252)	\$	(63,318)	\$	(22,483) \$	41,365						

As of March 31, 2024, the outstanding volume, measured by notional amount, of swap contracts was \$9.3 billion (\$8.2 billion as of December 31, 2023).

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

IDB Invest does not present derivative assets and liabilities related to contracts entered into with the same counterparty under a legally enforceable netting agreement on a net basis in the balance sheets. The following tables provide the gross and net positions of IDB Invest's derivative contracts considering amounts and collateral held or pledged in accordance with enforceable counterparty credit support and netting agreements described below (USD thousands):

		ss amount of ts/(liabilities)	Gross a	amounts not offs				
	pres	sented in the ance sheets	Financ	ial instruments	Collateral (received)/ pledged ⁽¹⁾			Net amount
Derivative assets	\$	201,950	\$	(183,386)	\$	(18,564)	\$	_
Derivative liabilities	\$	(401,987)	\$	183,386	\$	209,547	\$	(9,054)

⁽¹⁾ Collateral received of \$18.6 million and collateral pledged of \$209.5 million reflect the offsetting threshold limits, which cannot exceed the fair value of the derivative assets and derivative liabilities. Total cash collateral pledged was \$212.1 million and total cash collateral received was \$22.9 million as of March 31, 2024. Refer to Notes 5 and 8 for additional details related to Receivables for cash collateral pledged and Payables for cash collateral received.

	December 31, 2023							
	Gross amount of assets/(liabilities) presented in the balance sheets		Gross amounts not offset in the balance sheets					
			Financial instruments		Collateral (received)/ pledged ⁽¹⁾		Net amount	
Derivative assets	\$	245,512	\$	(162,322)	\$	(83,190)	\$	_
Derivative liabilities	\$	(382,231)	\$	162,322	\$	212,223	\$	(7,686)

⁽¹⁾ Collateral received of \$83.2 million and collateral pledged of \$212.2 million reflect the offsetting threshold limits, which cannot exceed the fair value of the derivative assets and derivative liabilities. Total cash collateral pledged was \$225.6 million and total cash collateral received was \$92.4 million as of December 31, 2023. Refer to Notes 5 and 8 for additional details related to Receivables for cash collateral pledged and Payables for cash collateral received, respectively.

IDB Invest's derivative contracts with market counterparties are entered into under standardized master agreements published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association ("ISDA" Agreements). ISDA Agreements provide for a single lump sum settlement amount upon the early termination of transactions following a default or termination event whereby amounts payable by the non-defaulting party to the other party may be applied to reduce any amounts that the other party owes the non-defaulting party. This setoff effectively reduces any amount payable by the non-defaulting party.

IDB Invest's ISDA Agreements are appended by a Credit Support Annex ("CSA") that provides for the receipt and posting of collateral in the form of cash in USD or U.S. Treasury securities to reduce mark-to-market exposure among derivative market counterparties. IDB Invest recognizes cash collateral received and a corresponding liability in its balance sheets for the obligation to return it. As of March 31, 2024, IDB Invest had \$22.9 million of outstanding obligations to return cash collateral under CSAs (\$92.4 million as of December 31, 2023). IDB Invest recognizes a receivable in its balance sheets for its rights to cash collateral posted. As of March 31, 2024, \$212.1 million of cash collateral was posted under CSAs (\$225.6 million as of December 31, 2023). No securities collateral was received or pledged as of March 31, 2024 nor December 31, 2023. Securities received as collateral are not recognized in the balance sheets. In accordance with the CSAs, IDB Invest may rehypothecate securities received as collateral, subject to the obligation to return such collateral and any related distributions received. In the event of a counterparty default, IDB Invest may exercise certain rights and remedies, including the right to setoff any amounts payable by the counterparty against any collateral held by IDB Invest and the right to liquidate any collateral held.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

8. Payables and Other Liabilities

Payables and other liabilities are summarized below (USD thousands):

	Notes	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Investment securities payable		\$ 69,562	\$ —
Borrowings related Interest and commitment fees payable		65,551	60,182
Pension Plans, net liability		46,535	46,187
Liability for off-balance sheet credit losses	4	37,539	34,420
Other liabilities		33,079	36,697
Operating lease liability	12	32,189	33,028
Loan origination fees and costs, net		30,836	34,580
Deferred revenue ⁽¹⁾		30,549	24,725
Due to IDB, net	13	29,414	27,490
Payables for cash collateral received	7	22,850	92,400
Employment benefits payable		17,980	20,861
Total payables and other liabilities		\$ 416,084	\$ 410,570

⁽¹⁾ Includes service fees collected from related parties. Additional information is included in Note 13.

9. Capital

IDB Invest's authorized share capital is owned by its member countries. Since its establishment, IDB Invest has had three General Capital Increases.

In December 1999, IDB Invest's First General Capital Increase (GCI-I), including several subsequent special increases thereafter, raised IDB Invest's original authorized share capital from \$200.0 million to \$705.9 million, equivalent to 70,590 shares with a par value and issuance price of \$10,000 per share.

In March 2015, IDB Invest's Board of Governors authorized the issuance of 125,474 shares for a total of \$2.03 billion in capital, through the Second General Capital Increase (GCI-II). GCI-II increased the number of total authorized shares to 196,064 with a par value of \$10,000 and an issuance price of \$16,178.60 per share. GCI-II is comprised of:

(i) Annex A Shares, corresponding to capital subscribed by IDB Invest's shareholders during the 2016-2022 period. Annex A authorizes 80,662 shares for a total of \$1.305 billion. Annex A Shares were subject to a 5.0% price increase for each year of arrears, except for those shares corresponding to the first installment which were fully paid in by the end of the second installment and not subject to a price adjustment.

(ii) Annex B Shares, corresponding to transfers from the IDB on behalf of its shareholders, that are also member countries of IDB Invest, paid annually to IDB Invest during the 2018-2025 period upon approval by the IDB Board of Governors. Annex B authorizes 44,812 shares for a total of \$725.0 million in capital.

In February 2023, 6,137 Annex A Shares that were subscribed in the context of GCI-II but were not paid for by the final payment date of January 31, 2023, became available for reallocation with a par value of \$10,000 and an issuance price of \$20,000 per share per the terms and conditions agreed by the Board of Executive Directors. The subscription period for the reallocation of these shares concluded on February 19, 2024. As of March 31, 2024, all Annex A Shares available for reallocation were subscribed.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Total capital contributions of \$153.1 million were received during the three months ended March 31, 2024 corresponding to \$10.4 million of Annex A Shares and \$142.7 million² of Annex B Shares for a total of \$2.0 billion under GCI-II.

In March 2024, IDB Invest's Board of Governors authorized the issuance of 166,666 shares for a total of \$3.5 billion in capital, through the Third General Capital Increase (GCI-III). GCI-III increased the number of total authorized shares to 362,730 with a par value of \$10,000 and an issuance price of \$21,000 per share. Member countries have until March 10, 2026, to subscribe to GCI-III. As of March 31, 2024, no shares were subscribed under GCI-III.

Subscribed shares are presented in Capital, par value, and Additional paid-in capital, and any subscription amount due from a member is presented in Receivable from members in the balance sheets. The price adjustment for shares in arrears is presented in Additional paid-in capital in the balance sheets.

Under the Agreement Establishing the Inter-American Investment Corporation, any member may withdraw from IDB Invest, which shall become effective on the date specified in the notice but in no event prior to six months from the delivery date of such notice. Even after withdrawing, a member shall remain liable for all obligations to IDB Invest to which it was subject on the date of delivery of the withdrawal notice. In the event a member withdraws, IDB Invest and the member may agree to the repurchase of the shares of said member on terms appropriate under the circumstances. If such agreement is not reached within three months of the withdrawal notice, or within a term agreed upon between both parties, the repurchase price of the member's shares shall be equal to the book value on the date when the member ceases to belong to IDB Invest, such book value to be determined by the audited financial statements. Payment for shares shall be made in such installments, times, and currencies as IDB Invest shall determine, taking into account its financial position.

² In February 2024, the Board of Governors of IDB Invest and the Board of Governors of IDB approved and completed the remaining capital transfers of \$142.7 million in income distributions corresponding to Annex B Shares. This transfer constitutes the fulfillment of Annex B Shares payments, and are included in Total paid-in-capital in the balance sheets.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Capital and receivable from members are as follows (in USD thousands, except for Shares and Voting power):

				Voting power				
			Additional	pital		Percent of	, othing	ponei
	Shares ⁽¹⁾	Capital, par value	paid-in capital ⁽²⁾	Receivable from members	Total paid-in capital	total paid-in capital ⁽³⁾	Number of votes	Percent of total votes ⁽³⁾
Argentina	24,475	\$ 244,750	\$ 109,157	\$ (40,200)	\$ 313,707	11.64	22,465	11.67
Austria	958	9,580	3,787	—	13,367	0.50	958	0.50
Bahamas	401	4,010	1,619	—	5,629	0.21	401	0.21
Barbados	281	2,810	1,167	_	3,977	0.15	281	0.15
Belgium	316	3,160	908	_	4,068	0.15	316	0.16
Belize	153	1,530	321	_	1,851	0.07	153	0.08
Bolivia	1,806	18,060	7,142	_	25,202	0.94	1,806	0.94
Brazil	24,475	244,750	113,876	_	358,626	13.31	24,475	12.72
Canada	5,881	58,810	35,421	_	94,231	3.50	5,881	3.06
Chile	6,375	63,750	29,244	(10,440)	82,554	3.06	5,853	3.04
China	9,345	93,450	56,829	(280)	149,999	5.57	9,331	4.85
Colombia	6,473	64,730	29,475	(1,960)	92,245	3.42	6,375	3.31
Costa Rica	875	8,750	3,469	_	12,219	0.45	875	0.45
Croatia ⁽⁴⁾	21	210	130	_	340	0.01	21	0.01
Denmark	1,147	11,470	470	_	11,940	0.44	1,147	0.60
Dominican Republic	1,313	13,130	5,830	(2,160)	16,800	0.62	1,205	0.63
Ecuador	1,214	12,140	4,801		16,941	0.63	1,214	0.63
El Salvador	875	8,750	3,602	_	12,352	0.46	875	0.45
Finland	1,092	10,920	4,319	_	15,239	0.57	1,092	0.57
France	3,717	37,170	9,608	_	46,778	1.74	3,717	1.93
Germany	2,183	21,830	5,246	_	27,076	1.00	2,183	1.13
Guatemala	1,155	11,550	4,541	_	16,091	0.60	1,155	0.60
Guyana	328	3,280	1,285		4,565	0.17	328	0.17
Haiti	875	8,750	4,203	_	12,953	0.48	875	0.45
Honduras	875	8,750	3,548	_	12,298	0.46	875	0.45
Israel	461	4,610	1,784	_	6,394	0.40	461	0.43
Italy	5,499	54,990	20,618	_	75,608	2.81	5,499	2.86
Jamaica	737	7,370	2,184	(1,180)	8,374	0.31	678	0.35
Japan	7,201	72,010	2,104	(1,180)	100,943	3.75	7,191	3.74
Korea	8,294	82,940	50,281	(200)	133,221	4.94	8,294	4.31
Mexico	14,395	143,950	56,769	_	200,719	7.45	14,395	7.48
Netherlands	14,395	143,950	550		12,150	0.45	14,395	0.60
	875	8,750	3,469	_	12,130	0.45	875	0.00
Nicaragua	1,092					0.45	1,092	0.45
Norway	,	10,920	4,319	_	15,239		,	
Panama	1,176	11,760	5,257		17,017	0.63 0.47	1,176 909	0.61 0.47
Paraguay	1,006	10,060	4,566	(1,940)	12,686			
Peru	6,490	64,900	29,645	(12,740)	81,805	3.04	5,853	3.04
Portugal	413	4,130	1,438	_	5,568	0.21	413	0.21
Slovenia ⁽⁵⁾	13	130	80	—	210	0.01	13	0.01
Spain	7,853	78,530	33,166	—	111,696	4.15	7,853	4.08
Suriname	140	1,400	241	—	1,641	0.06	140	0.07
Sweden	1,092	10,920	4,323	—	15,243	0.57	1,092	0.57
Switzerland	2,498	24,980	8,817	—	33,797	1.25	2,498	1.30
Trinidad and Tobago	864	8,640	4,287	—	12,927	0.48	864	0.45
United Kingdom	431	4,310	2,663		6,973	0.26	431	0.22
United States	29,510	295,100	83,505	(780)	377,825	14.02	29,471	15.31
Uruguay	2,394	23,940	9,466	_	33,406	1.24	2,394	1.24
Venezuela	5,836	58,360	9,422	—	67,782	2.52	5,836	3.03
Total as of March 31, 2024	196,039	\$ 1,960,390	\$ 805,981	\$ (71,880)	\$ 2,694,491	100	192,445	100
Total as of December 31, 2023	184,975	\$ 1,849,750	\$ 729,485	\$ (37,840)	\$ 2,541,395		181,062	

(¹⁾ Includes Annex B Shares under GCI-II for which income distributions (transfers) were made by IDB on behalf of its shareholders.
 (²⁾ Includes the amount in addition to par value for shares under GCI-II, partial payments in excess of full shares.
 (³⁾ Data are rounded; detail may not add to total because of rounding.
 (⁴⁾ Croatia's voting power is 0.0109.
 (⁵⁾ Slovenia's voting power is 0.0068.

10. Fair Value Measurements

IDB Invest carries a portion of its financial instruments at fair value on a recurring basis and discloses fair value of financial instruments not carried at fair value in accordance with US GAAP. The methodologies and key assumptions IDB Invest uses to estimate the fair values of its financial instruments are summarized below. Projections of future cash flows and other assumptions and methodologies used in the determination of fair value are subjective, particularly when the measurement relies on unobservable market inputs. Minor changes in assumptions or methodologies may affect the fair value measurements.

Cash – The carrying amount reported in the balance sheets approximates fair value.

Investment securities – Fair values for money market funds and debt securities are based on either unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets or quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities or prices derived from alternative pricing models when these prices are not available from pricing vendors. These methodologies apply to certain investments in non-U.S. government obligations, agencies, supranationals and corporate bonds. Also included are commercial paper (CP) and certificates of deposit (CD) issued under large U.S. based CP or CD programs. For investments for which prices and other relevant information, generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets, are not available, the income approach is used, based on yield curves, bond or credit default swap spreads, and recovery rates based on collateral values as key inputs.

Development-related debt investments – Loans and development-related investments in debt securities for which a combination of observable and unobservable inputs is generally available, require the use of estimates and present value calculations of future cash flows. Fair values are estimated using recently executed transactions, market price quotations (where observable), and market observable credit default swap levels along with proprietary valuation models where such transactions and quotations are unobservable. The lack of objective pricing standards adds a greater degree of subjectivity and volatility to these derived or estimated fair values.

Any excess or deficit resulting from the difference between the carrying amounts of the development-related debt investments carried at amortized cost and the fair value disclosed does not necessarily reflect the realizable values since IDB Invest generally holds investments to maturity with the aim of realizing their contractual cash flows.

Equity investments – In most cases, market prices are not available for equity investments, and alternate valuation techniques require a significant degree of judgment. IDB Invest intends to hold investments in LPs until the final liquidation of the underlying assets of the LPs in order to participate fully in the performance of the LP. IDB Invest does not have redemption rights in any of these investments. IDB Invest estimates that the underlying assets of the LPs generally may be liquidated over a period of ten years.

Equity investments are carried at fair value on a recurring basis if publicly traded in active markets, or if IDB Invest elects the FVO. For investments in LPs, IDB Invest utilizes the NAVs reported by the fund managers as the basis of the fair value measurement. These NAVs are derived from the fair values of the underlying investments and adjusted further by IDB Invest, as needed.

Derivative instruments – These include cross currency and interest rate swap contracts. Fair values are determined by obtaining the present value of estimated future cash flows using appropriate discount rates and forward curves.

Borrowings – IDB Invest's borrowings are recorded at amortized cost or fair value. The fair value of IDB Invest's borrowings is estimated using traded prices, quoted market prices or discounted cash flow analyses based on IDB Invest's current borrowing rates for similar types of borrowing arrangements.

Other assets and liabilities – The carrying value of financial instruments included in Receivables and other assets, and Payables and other liabilities approximates fair value due to their liquid or short-term nature. Payables and other liabilities includes guarantees issued and measured at fair value.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Fair value of financial instruments

The following table presents the carrying values and estimated fair values of IDB Invest's financial instrument assets/(liabilities) and their classification within the fair value hierarchy in accordance with ASC 820.

			March 31, 2024	L	
Expressed in USD thousands	Carrying amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value
Investment securities	anount	Level I	Lever 2	Levers	
Corporate securities	\$ 1,779,247	\$ —	\$ 1,779,247	\$ —	\$ 1,779,247
Money market funds	699,433	Ψ	699,433	Ψ	699,433
Agency securities	522,378		522,378	_	522,378
Government securities	299,016		299,016	_	299,016
Supranational securities	223,962	_	223,962	_	223,962
	3,524,036		3,524,036		3,524,036
Loans	0,02 1,000		0,02 1,000		0,021,000
Amortized cost	6,053,756	_	_	5,604,569	5,604,569
Fair value	417,019	_	_	417,019	417,019
	6,470,775		·	6,021,588	6,021,588
Debt securities	0, 0,0			0,02.,500	0,021,000
Amortized cost	148,628	_	_	145,923	145,923
Fair value	1,169,923	_	_	1,169,923	1,169,923
NAV ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	34,355			.,	34,355
	1,352,906		·	1,315,846	1,350,201
Equity investments	,,			,,	, , -
Fair value	94,051	936	_	93,115	94,051
NAV ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	216,116				216,116
	310,167	936	·	93,115	310,167
Derivative assets					
Cross currency swaps	76,037	_	76,037	_	76,037
Interest rate swaps	125,913	_	125,913	_	125,913
	201,950		201,950		201,950
Borrowings					
Amortized cost	(1,819,584)	_	(1,422,580)	(302,252)	(1,724,832)
Fair value	(6,060,122)	_	(6,060,122)	_	(6,060,122)
	(7,879,706)		(7,482,702)	(302,252)	(7,784,954)
Derivative liabilities					
Cross currency swaps	(241,288)	_	(241,288)	_	(241,288)
Interest rate swaps	(160,699)	_	(160,699)	_	(160,699)
	(401,987)		(401,987)		(401,987)
Payables and other liabilities					
Guarantees measured at fair value	2,659	—	—	2,659	2,659
Undisbursed commitments measured at	(00.1)			(00.1)	(00.1)
fair value	(394)	_	_	(394)	(394)
Other liability measured at fair value	(2,581)			(2,581)	(2,581)
	\$ (316)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (316)	\$ (316)

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with ASC 820, investments recorded using NAV as a practical expedient for fair value have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to reconcile to the amounts presented in the balance sheets. ⁽²⁾ As of March 31, 2024, the maximum undisbursed commitments subject to capital calls for these investments were \$190.2 million.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

		D	ecember 31, 20	23	
Expressed in USD thousands	Carrying amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair value
Investment securities					
Corporate securities	\$ 1,428,112	\$ —	\$ 1,428,112	\$ —	\$ 1,428,112
Money market funds	400,357	—	400,357	—	400,357
Agency securities	326,920	—	326,920	—	326,920
Government securities	258,967	—	258,967	—	258,967
Supranational securities	128,212	—	128,212	—	128,212
	2,542,568		2,542,568		2,542,568
Loans					
Amortized cost	6,139,520	_	_	5,700,613	5,700,613
Fair value	419,239	_	_	419,239	419,239
	6,558,759			6,119,852	6,119,852
Debt securities					
Amortized cost	148,544	—	_	145,909	145,909
Fair value	1,177,591	—	_	1,177,591	1,177,591
NAV ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	35,556				35,556
	1,361,691			1,323,500	1,359,056
Equity investments					
Fair value	96,645	920	_	95,725	96,645
NAV ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	206,531				206,531
	303,176	920		95,725	303,176
Derivative assets					
Cross currency swaps	115,471	—	115,471	—	115,471
Interest rate swaps	130,041	_	130,041	_	130,041
	245,512		245,512		245,512
Borrowings					
Amortized cost	(2,159,539)	_	(1,722,576)	(350,787)	(2,073,363)
Fair value	(5,146,005)	_	(5,146,005)	_	(5,146,005)
	(7,305,544)		(6,868,581)	(350,787)	(7,219,368)
Derivative liabilities					
Cross currency swaps	(215,927)	_	(215,927)	_	(215,927)
Interest rate swaps	(166,304)	_	(166,304)	_	(166,304)
·	(382,231)		(382,231)		(382,231)
Payables and other liabilities					
Guarantees measured at fair value	(2,595)	_	—	(2,595)	(2,595)
Undisbursed commitments measured at					
fair value	256	—	—	256	256
Other liability measured at fair value	(2,653)			(2,653)	
	\$ (4,992)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (4,992)	\$ (4,992)

⁽¹⁾ In accordance with ASC 820, investments recorded using NAV as a practical expedient for fair value have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to reconcile to the amounts presented in the balance sheets. ⁽²⁾ As of December 31, 2023, the maximum undisbursed commitments subject to capital calls for these investments were \$202.8 million.

The following tables present changes in carrying value of IDB Invest's Level 3 financial instrument assets/ (liabilities) that are carried at fair value as follows (USD thousands):

				т	hre	ee months ende	d I	March 31, 2024		
		alance as of luary 1, 2024	(l in	et gains/ losses) icluded income	D	isbursements, purchases, sales, settlements and other		Balance as of March 31, 2024	(loss) earni assets	nrealized gains/ es) included in ings related to s/liabilities held arch 31, 2024
Loans	\$	419,239	\$	8,064	\$	(10,284)	\$	417,019	\$	8,064
Debt securities		1,177,591		6,900		(14,568)		1,169,923		4,006
Equity investments		95,725		(2,610)		_		93,115		(2,610)
Total level 3 assets at fair value		1,692,555		12,354		(24,852)		1,680,057		9,460
Guarantees measured at fair value		(2,595)		5,254		_		2,659		5,254
Undisbursed commitments measured at fair value		256		(650)		_		(394)		(650)
Other liability measured at fair value	I	(2,653)		72		_		(2,581)		72
Total level 3 liabilities at fair value	\$	(4,992)	\$	4,676	\$		\$	(316)	\$	4,676

			т	hr	ee months ende	ed I	March 31, 2023		
	 ance as of lary 1, 2023	(l in	et gains/ osses) icluded income	D	isbursements, purchases, sales, settlements and other		Balance as of March 31, 2023	(let unrealized gains/ losses) included in earnings related to ssets/liabilities held at March 31, 2023
Loans	\$ 281,918	\$	(1,544)	\$	6,868	\$	287,242	\$	(1,544)
Debt securities	735,051		17,758		68,478		821,287		15,896
Equity investments	97,834		(6,743)		1,019		92,110		(6,743)
Total level 3 assets at fair value	1,114,803		9,471		76,365		1,200,639		7,609
Guarantees measured at fair value	459		4,384		_		4,843		4,384
Undisbursed commitments measured at fair value	(267)		(33)		_		(300)		(33)
Other liability measured at fair value	(671)		(588)		_		(1,259)		(588)
Total level 3 liabilities at fair value	\$ (479)	\$	3,763	\$		\$	3,284	\$	3,763

There were no transfers in or out of Level 3 during the three months ended March 31, 2024 nor March 31, 2023.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following tables present gross purchases, sales, issuances and settlements related to the changes in the carrying value of IDB Invest's Level 3 financial instruments that are carried at fair value (USD thousands):

			Three mo	onth	ns ended March	31,	2024	
	sbursements/ Purchases	F	Repayments/ Sales		Issuances	Se	ttlements and others	Net
Loans	\$ 303	\$	(10,587)	\$	_	\$	_	\$ (10,284)
Debt securities	—		(14,568)		—		_	(14,568)
Equity investments			_		_		_	
Total level 3 assets at fair value	\$ 303	\$	(25,155)	\$	_	\$	_	\$ (24,852)
Guarantees measured at fair value	_	_	_		_		_	
Undisbursed commitments measured at fair value	_		_		_		_	_
Other liability measured at fair value	_		_		_		_	_
Total level 3 liabilities at fair value	\$ 	\$		\$	_	\$	_	\$

	Three months ended March 31, 2023									
	oursements/ urchases	R	epayments/ Sales		Issuances	Se	ttlements and others		Net	
Loans	\$ 7,620	\$	(1,046)	\$	_	\$	294	\$	6,868	
Debt securities	75,228		(6,739)		—		(11)		68,478	
Equity investments	1,019		_		—		_		1,019	
Total level 3 assets at fair value	\$ 83,867	\$	(7,785)	\$	_	\$	283	\$	76,365	
Guarantees measured at fair value	_		_		_		_			
Undisbursed commitments measured at fair value	_		_		_		_		_	
Other liability measured at fair value	_		—		_		_		_	
Total level 3 liabilities at fair value	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

The following tables present the valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs for development-related investment assets/(liabilities) classified as Level 3 as of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 (USD thousands):

		Γ	/larch 31, 2024		
	Fair value	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Range	Weighted average ⁽²⁾
Loans	\$ 402,513	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	2.9%-23.5%	9.5%
	14,506	Recent transaction price	Transaction price		
	417,019				
Debt securities	1,169,916	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	3.0%-15.9%	9.4%
	7	Others			
	1,169,923				
Equity investments	18,002	Recent transaction price	Transaction price		
	75,113	Discounted cash flows ⁽¹⁾	Discount rate	10.2%-16.4%	12.8%
		Discounted cash flows ⁽¹⁾	Long term growth rate	5.0%-5.7%	5.1%
		Relative Valuation ⁽¹⁾	EV/Revenues	1.9x-10.1x	5.0x
	93,115				
Payables and other liabilities	(316)	Others			
	 (316)				
Total	\$ 1,679,741				

⁽¹⁾ Equity investments of \$75.1 million utilizes multiple valuation techniques, including Discounted Cash Flows and Relative Valuation.

⁽²⁾ Calculated using the input multiplied by the fair values of the instruments.

		D	ecember 31, 2023		
	Fair value	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Range	Weighted average ⁽²⁾
Loans	\$ 405,035	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	2.9%-23.5%	9.5%
	14,203	Recent transaction price	Transaction price		
	419,238				
Debt securities	1,133,414	Discounted cash flows	Discount rate	3.0%-15.3%	9.4%
	44,171	Recent transaction price	Transaction price		
	7	Others			
	1,177,592				
Equity investments	18,002	Recent transaction price	Transaction price		
	77,723	Discounted cash flows ⁽¹⁾	Discount rate	12.8%-21.0%	16.6%
		Discounted cash flows ⁽¹⁾	Long term growth rate	3.0%-7.0%	4.8%
		Relative valuation ⁽¹⁾	EV/EBITDA	8.1x-10.0x	2.8x
		Relative valuation ⁽¹⁾	EV/Revenues	1.1x-4.9x	9.1x
	95,725				
Payables and other					
liabilities	(4,992)	Others			
	(4,992)				
Total	\$ 1,687,563				

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

⁽¹⁾ Equity investments of \$77.7 million utilizes multiple valuation techniques, including Discounted Cash Flows and Relative Valuation. ⁽²⁾ Calculated using the input multiplied by the fair values of the instruments.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

11. Non-trading portfolios

IDB Invest's non-trading portfolio includes development-related debt investments and borrowings measured at fair value under the FVO as well as the related derivative instruments at fair value. Net gains and losses from changes in fair value on the non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions are as follows (USD thousands):

	Three months ended March 3				
		2024		2023	
Changes in fair value					
Development-related debt investments	\$	11,331	\$	9,759	
Borrowings		114,934		(77,930)	
Derivatives					
Unrealized gain/(loss) on swaps		(63,318)		41,365	
Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value, net		62,947		(26,806)	
Foreign exchange transactions					
Development-related debt investments		(3,436)		35,571	
Borrowings		6,071		(30,641)	
Other assets/liabilities		234		(276)	
Gain/(loss) from foreign exchange transactions, net		2,869		4,654	
Swap transactions					
Realized gain/(loss) on swaps ⁽¹⁾		(56,252)		(22,483)	
Gain/(loss) from changes in fair value on non-trading portfolios and foreign exchange transactions, net	\$	9,564	\$	(44,635)	

⁽¹⁾ Includes realized swap interest income/(expense), fee income/(expense), termination gain/(loss) and foreign exchange gain/(loss) on cross currency swaps, net.

Changes in fair value due to market risk, and all fair value changes on derivatives, are reported in the income statements whereas changes in the fair value of borrowings resulting from changes in IDB Invest's own credit risk spread are recorded through Other comprehensive income.

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

12. Contingencies and Leases

In the normal course of business, IDB Invest is from time to time named as a defendant or codefendant in legal actions in different jurisdictions. Although there can be no assurances, based on the information available, IDB Invest's Management does not believe the outcome of any of the existing legal actions will have a material adverse effect on IDB Invest's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

The impact of the global geopolitical situation has disrupted economic markets and created significant volatility. The operational and financial performance of the companies IDB Invest finances depends on future developments, including the length and severity of the current geopolitical environment. IDB Invest has capital buffers in place to absorb additional stress and credit rating downgrades. Management continues to monitor the developments and to actively manage risks associated with its various portfolios within existing financial policies and limits.

Office Space Leases

IDB Invest has entered into office space leases with the IDB at its headquarters and in its Regional Developing Member Countries that are accounted for as either short-term leases or operating leases. The lease agreement at headquarters expires in 2030. The remaining lease agreements in the Regional Developing Member Countries are generally renewed annually. Certain lease agreements in the Regional Developing Member Countries include renewal options all of which IDB Invest is reasonably certain to exercise for the duration established in the contract.

Refer to Notes 5 and 8 for additional information related to IDB Invest's operating lease right-of-use assets and operating lease liabilities outstanding as of March 31, 2024 and 2023.

The following table details the lease expenses and quantitative disclosure requirements (USD thousands):

	Three months ended March 31								
			2023						
Operating leases									
Operating lease expense	\$	1,453	\$	1,404					
Total lease expense	\$	1,453	\$	1,404					
Supplemental disclosure:									
Weighted average of lease terms (years)		6.7		7.7					
Weighted average discount rate ⁽¹⁾		1.8 %	/o	1.8 %					

⁽¹⁾ Discount rate applied for the office space lease at headquarters is based on the IDB multi-currency incremental borrowing rate.

Maturity analysis of operating lease liabilities with the IDB are as follows (USD thousands):

Estimated undiscounted cash flows	Marc	March 31, 2024			
2024	\$	4,010			
2025		5,121			
2026		5,081			
2027		5,079			
2028		4,995			
2029 - 2030		9,806			
Total operating leases	\$	34,092			
Discount		(1,903)			
Operating lease liability	\$	32,189			

Notes to Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

13. Related Party Transactions

IDB Invest provides certain services to the IDB and the IDB provides certain services to IDB Invest pursuant to SLAs, which outline the duration, scope of work, roles and responsibilities, remuneration, and performance metrics of each institution. The services performed under the SLAs are further described below. IDB Invest also has related party relationships with trust funds it administers or IDB administers as described below and has entered into office space leases with the IDB as described in Note 12.

Private Sector Operations

Following the IDB Group private sector and non-sovereign guaranteed reorganization, all new private sector activities are originated by IDB Invest including co-financing arrangements by IDB Invest and the IDB. In co-financing arrangements, IDB Invest and the IDB have separate legal and economic interests in a financing transaction, which may be subject to certain minimum amounts as agreed between IDB Invest and the IDB.

IDB Invest earns revenue from an annual renewable SLA under which IDB Invest provides loan origination, credit risk evaluation and monitoring, and certain loan administration services for the IDB related to its private sector operations including operations that are co-financed by IDB Invest and IDB. IDB Invest also provides certain advisory services to the IDB Group. These amounts are included in Service fees from related parties in the income statements.

Management of External Funds

IDB Invest administers on behalf of other related party entities, which include donors and member countries, funds restricted for specific uses that include the co-financing of certain projects, technical studies for borrowers, project-related studies, and research and training programs. These funds are held in trust by IDB Invest and are not commingled with IDB Invest's funds, nor are they included in the assets of IDB Invest. IDB Invest receives a management fee that is generally a percentage of the funds received. These fees are included in Service fees from related parties in the income statements.

Access to IDB Administered Funds

In addition to the aforementioned funds, IDB Invest provides certain services for trust funds administered by the IDB on behalf of the trust fund donors (the Trust Funds). IDB Invest receives an allocation of the IDB's related Trust Fund fees. Such fees are intended to cover internal and external costs associated with administering the private sector activities for the Trust Funds and related operations over the expected lives of the Trust Funds and the underlying operations. Costs expected to be incurred approximate the allocable fee. The Trust Fund organizational documents provide for either the payment of a lump sum or scheduled payments. The timing of the payments may not correspond to the incurrence of the related costs. IDB Invest also provides certain technical assistance activities for private sector operations on behalf of donor trust funds that are directly funded by IDB Trust Funds. These arrangements are recognized on a cost reimbursement basis and presented gross in Service fees from related parties and Administrative expenses in the income statements.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024, IDB Invest received \$4.9 million for these services (\$0.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023). As of March 31, 2024, IDB Invest has recorded deferred revenue of \$24.9 million related to these services (\$21.0 million as of December 31, 2023), which will be recognized as revenue as services are provided. Deferred revenue is presented as a component of Payables and other liabilities in the balance sheets.

Revenue from related party transactions are as follows (USD thousands):

	Three months ended March 31				
		2024		2023	
SLA revenue	\$	7,133	\$	7,374	
Management of external funds revenue		293		408	
IDB administered funds revenue		2,082		610	
Total	\$	9,508	\$	8,392	

SLA Expenses

IDB Invest purchases various general and administrative services from the IDB under a series of annual renewable SLAs. For the three months ended March 31, 2024, IDB Invest incurred expenses of \$4.5 million SLA services provided by the IDB (\$4.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023), which are included in Administrative expenses in the income statements. Payables related to these SLA expenses are included in the total Due to IDB, net, of \$29.4 million as of March 31, 2024 (\$27.5 million as of December 31, 2023). Refer to Note 8 for additional details.

Other Transactions with Related Parties

IDB Invest has a multi-currency credit facility with the IDB up to \$300.0 million at the rate in accordance with the IDB's lending rate policy. The tenor of borrowings under this facility shall not exceed twenty years from the disbursement date. This facility permits IDB Invest to supplement resources in local currencies to support its development-related investment portfolio through December 31, 2033. As of March 31, 2024, IDB Invest's total drawdowns from the IDB multi-currency credit facility were \$210.3 million and \$89.7 million remain undrawn (\$210.3 million total drawdowns and \$89.7 million undrawn as of December 31, 2023). Refer to Note 6 for additional details.

14. Pension Plans and Postretirement Benefit Plan

Both the IDB and IDB Invest are sponsors of the Pension Plans and PRBP and each employer presents its respective share of these plans using a December 31 measurement date.

All employer contributions are made in cash during the fourth quarter of the year. As of March 31, 2024, the estimate of contributions expected to be paid for 2024 are \$9.9 million to the Pension Plans, and \$5.8 million to the PRBP, the same amounts disclosed in the December 31, 2023 financial statements. Contributions for 2023 were \$9.5 million to the Pension Plans and \$5.5 million to the PRBP.

Net periodic benefit costs are included in Other expenses in the income statements. The following table summarizes the net periodic benefit costs associated with the Pension Plans and the PRPB for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 (USD thousands):

		Three months ended March 31					
	Pension Plans		PRBP				
		2024	2023	2024	2023		
Service cost ⁽¹⁾	\$	3,861 \$	5 3,338	\$ 1,569	\$ 1,309		
Interest cost ⁽³⁾		4,026	3,637	1,755	1,561		
Expected return on plan assets $^{(2)(3)}$ Amortization of: $^{(3)}$		(4,987)	(4,740)	(3,095)	(2,964)		
Net actuarial (gain)/loss		(496)	(1,055)	(450)	(760)		
Prior service (credit)/cost		_	_	(37)	(91)		
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	2,404 \$	5 1,180	\$ (258)	\$ (945)		

⁽¹⁾ Included in Administrative expenses.

⁽²⁾ The expected return on plan assets is 6.25% in 2024 and 6.50% in 2023.

⁽³⁾ Included in Other components of pension benefit costs, net.

15. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through May 7, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were issued. Management determined that there were no subsequent events that require disclosure under ASC Topic 855, *Subsequent Events*.